Donaldson MD 500 IBF

August 1, 2020

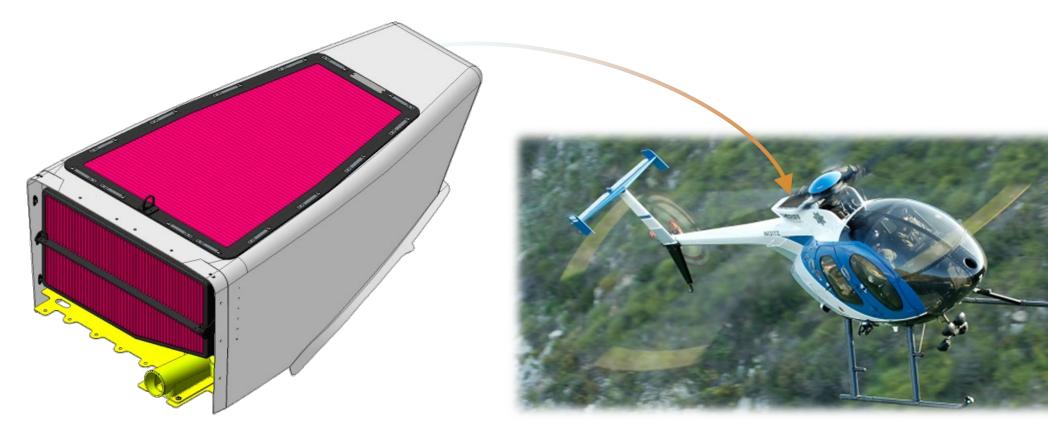


MD 500 (MD HELICOPTERS 369 (H, D, E, F), MD 500 SERIES



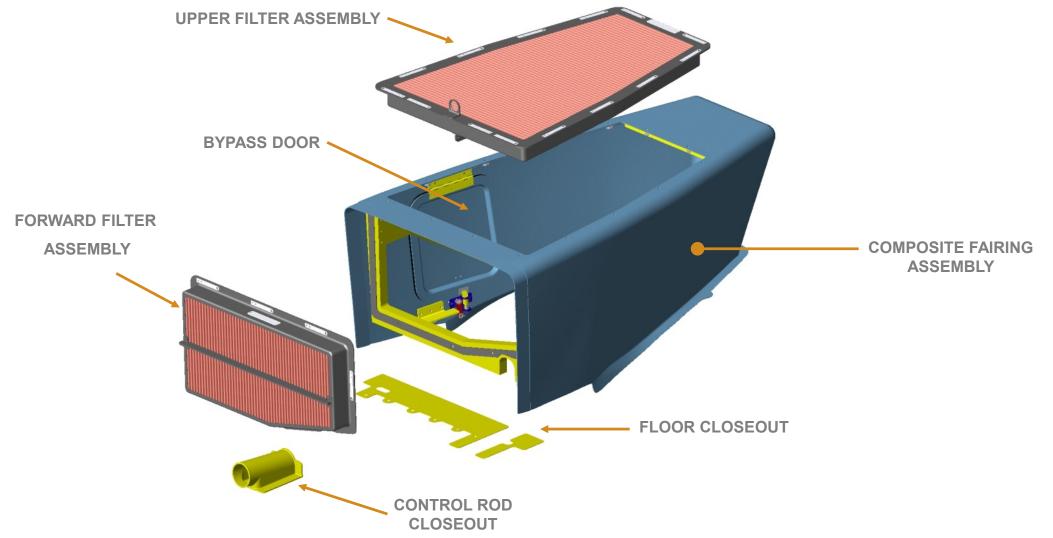


MD 500 IBF SYSTEM DESIGN





MD 500 IBF SYSTEM DETAILS





IBF FILTER MAINTENANCE AID (FMA)

- Pre and Post flight indication of filter contamination level and maximum pressure drop.
- Allows flexibility for mission planning with predictable service cycles, particularly in high tempo desert environments.
- Verification of post cleaning effectiveness.





IBF FILTER MAINTENANCE AID (FMA)

- Provides the ability to meet Condition-Based Maintenance (CBM) between established cleaning intervals, eliminating unnecessary service.
- Measures plenum pressure versus ambient, across the filter system.
- Similar FMA used on other Donaldson IBFs for the Bell 205A, 206B, 206L-1/3/4, 407, 430, Leonardo A119, AW139, AW189, Airbus AS350, EC130, and AS350 helicopters.





IBF BENEFITS: PERFORMANCE

MAXIMUM ENGINE DEBRIS/FOD PROTECTION

Allows consistent flight operations and extends engine time on wing. Improved protection over an inertial design and significantly better protection than a FOD screen.

IMPROVED AIRFLOW

Dual entry pleated barrier filter element provides improved air flow versus inertial separation vortex/swirl tubes typical with EAPS.





IBF BENEFITS: VALUE

RETURN ON INVESTMENT (ROI)

- Less premature engine removals, meet the expected engine TBO
- Long-life 7,500 flight hour filter assemblies (15 cleanings; 500-hour intervals)
- Reduction in corrosive salt air entering engine
- Engine overhaul cost reduction due to elimination of erosion and contamination on all rotating and pneumatic components
- Reduced maintenance time with improved plenum access.
- Common Line Replaceable Units (LRU) for mixed IBF fleets.
- Bleed air system and Mist Eliminator maintenance eliminated
 with IBF





IBF OPERATIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Improved power margin for high/hot operations and confined landing zones. Mission useful load increase of up to 95 pounds (140 pounds for MD530F high/hot) due to elimination of the performance penalty associated with EAPS use of Mis Eliminator while significantly improving separation efficiency.
- Reduction in turbine operating temperature results in increased power available and will translate into improved cruise performance.
- Includes bypass system with similar door configuration as current MD500. This improvement reduces internal component count and FOD incidents.
- Certified for flight in falling and blowing snow IAW helicopter manufacturers flight manual requirements





IBF OPERATIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Possibility of frozen particulate (snow, ice) accumulating inside inlet eliminated with the barrier filter versus inertial separator which allows snow to pass through and accumulate inside.
- Transport Canada Alternate Means of Compliance (AMOC) for operation without Snow Baffles.
- Up to 10 pounds lighter than EAPS/Mist Eliminator removed and IBF installed.
- IBF environmental cover included.
- Tail rotor control rod interface significantly improved, does not require removal when servicing filters.





IBF COMPARATIVE BENEFITS

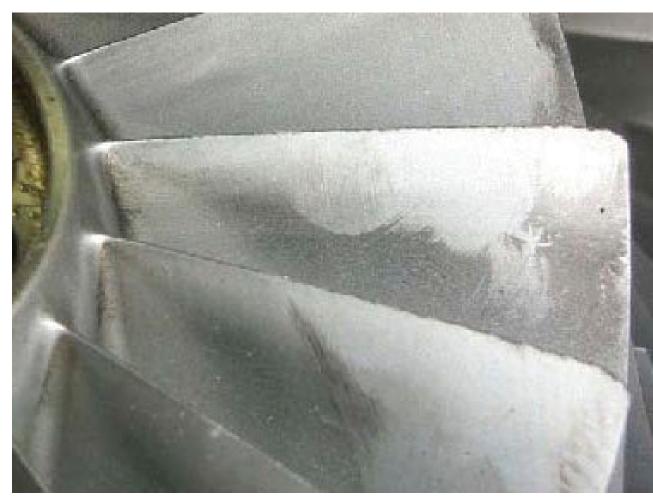
- Engine Air Particle Separators (EAPS) utilize traditional inertial particle separation technology. Barrier Filters (BF) use current technology and state of the art integration.
- BF does not require the use of engine bleed air. EAPS does require engine bleed air which reduces engine power available.
- Engine bleed air system maintenance is eliminated.
 Reduced chance of engine stall from leaking valves and lines.
- Inertial separation vortex/swirl tubes routinely become clogged with straw, leaves and bugs degrading performance; Barrier filter immune to this type debris clogging and operates without degradation.





IBF COMPARATIVE BENEFITS

- Barrier Filters (BF) have significantly higher separation efficiency than inertial separators. BF typically >99% capture efficient on ISO Coarse & Fine dust, inertial separator typically <96% capture efficiency on ISO Coarse dust and far less on ISO Fine dust.
- BF are effective regardless of engine power setting; inertial separators (PS) are only effective when they have adequate engine bleed air; PS adequacy typically available above flight idle power setting.
- Significant decrease in fine sand ingestion reduces engine erosion damage from offsite landings/unprepared sites; BF virtually eliminate concern about ramp FOD ingestion.





Thank You

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